

climate change initiative

→ SEA SURFACE TEMPERATURE

SST CCI Validation

Owen Embury





Climate Change Initiative

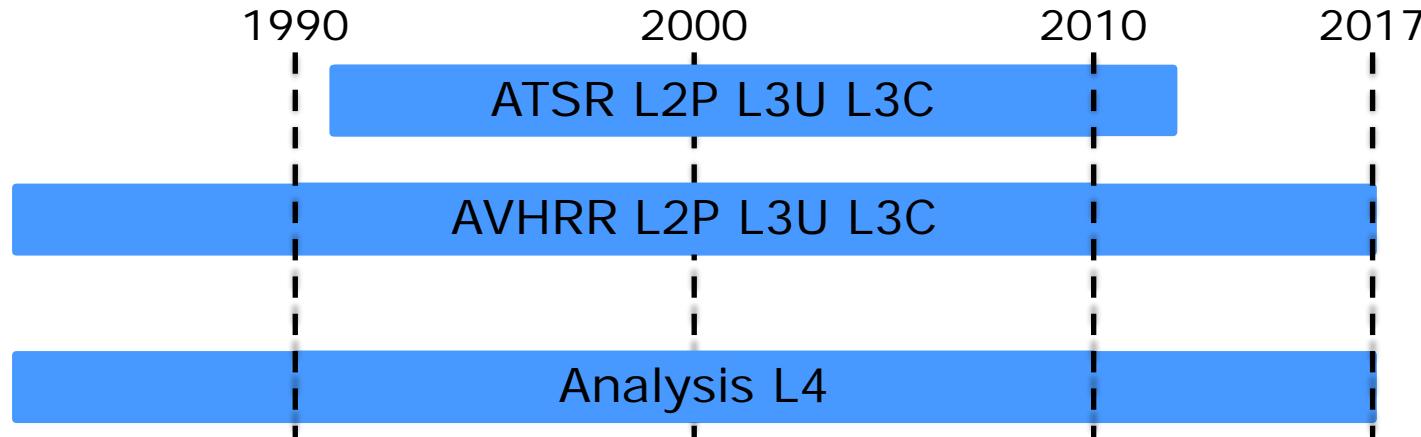


- ESA Climate Change Initiative (CCI)
 - Programme to produce satellite-based Climate Data Records
 - Targeting multiple Essential Climate Variables (ECVs) including SST
- Climate Data Record (CDR) is:
 - A time series of measurements of sufficient length, consistency, and continuity to determine climate variability and change
- Aims for SST-CCI CDR:
 - **INDEPENDENT** of in situ SST measurements
 - Of useful, quantified **ACCURACY** and **SENSITIVITY**
 - With context-sensitive **UNCERTAINTY** estimates (at all spatio-temporal scales)
 - Harmonised to provide useful **STABILITY**
 - Able to be linked to the longer **HISTORICAL RECORD**
 - Generated by a **ROBUST, SUSTAINABLE** processing system





- CCI Phase 2 dataset
 - 35 years (September 1981 – December 2016)
 - L2P, L3U and daily L3C for all sensors



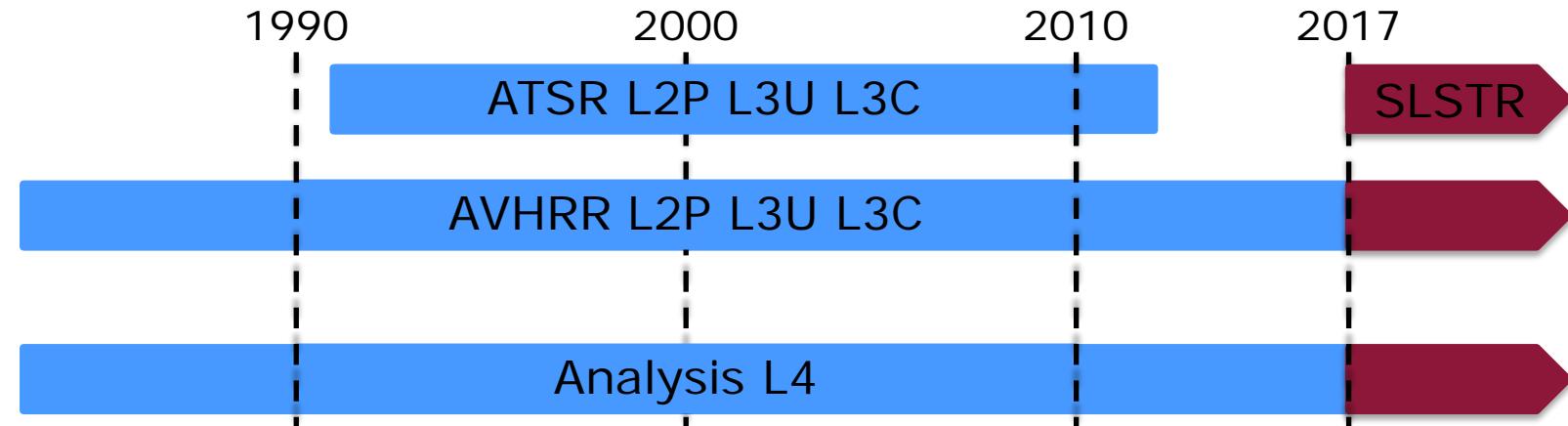
El Chichón



Mt Pinatubo



- Copernicus Climate Change Service (C3S) Interim CDR (ICDR)
 - Extends CCI CDR v2 L3C and L4
 - Data available to end-2019 (currently processing 2020)



El Chichón



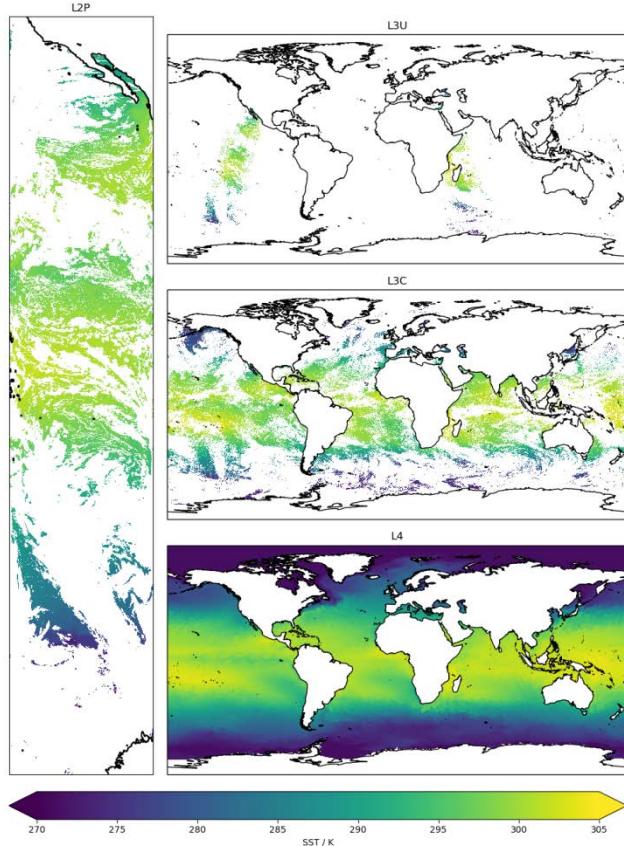
Mt Pinatubo



SST-CCI Climate Data Record v2



- 35 years (September 1981 – December 2016)
- 18×10^{12} satellite radiance measurements
- Single-sensor products:
 - **L2P** swath, **L3U** gridded, and **L3C** daily
 - SST-type:
 - Skin at satellite overpass
 - $\text{SST}_{20\text{cm}}$ at 10:30 local-time
 - Uncertainties provided:
 - random, correlated, systematic
- Multi-sensor: **L4** CCI Analysis
- Other: GMPE, Climatology





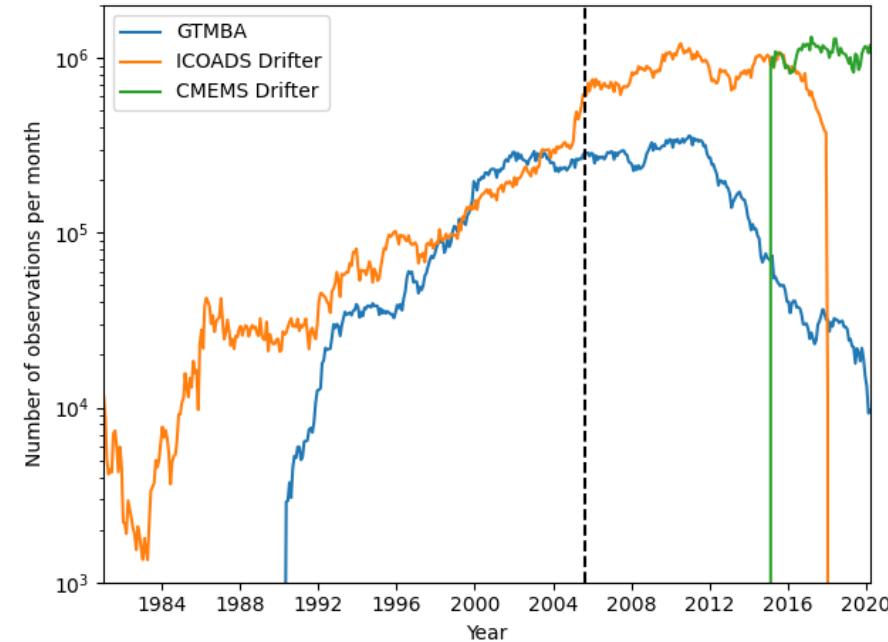
- Reference in situ data supplied by Met Office Hadley Centre
 - Extracted from HadIOD v1.2.0.0
 - We only get SST obs (no salinity)
- Multiple platform types:
 - Drifting buoys (ICOADS and CMEMS)
 - ICOADS record position to 0.01 degree and SST to 0.1 degree
 - CMEMS record position to 0.001 degree and SST to 0.01 degree
 - Global Tropical Moored Buoy Array (GTMBA)
 - Argo Floats
 - Others: Moored buoys (excluding GTMBA); Voluntary observing ships; Animal; Bottles; Conductivity-Temperature-Depth casts (CTDs); Mechanical BathyThermographs (MBTs); eXpendable Bathy Thermographs (XBTs)



SST CCI Validation

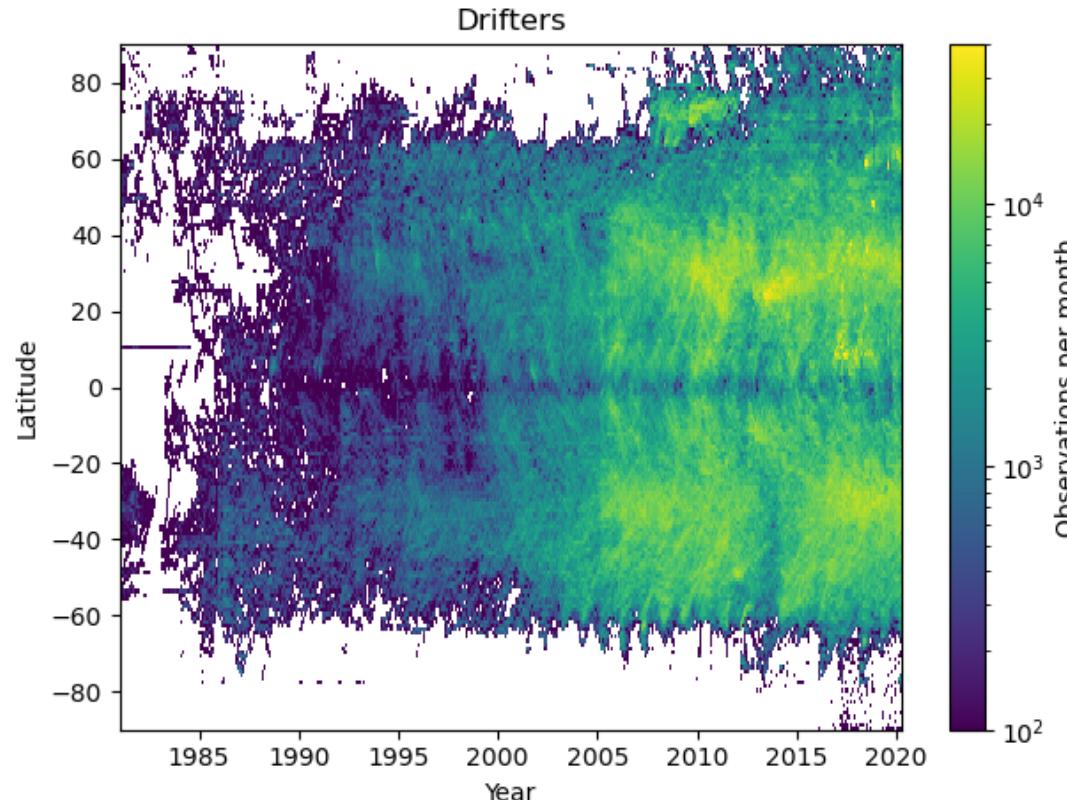


- Drifters provide most “complete” coverage
 - “Full” coverage from Sept 2005
 - Very limited coverage before 1995
 - Need to switch from ICOADS to CMEMS drifters in 2006
 - Note – the “best” satellite retrievals can have lower uncertainties than drifter SSTs
- GTMBA moorings
 - Lower uncertainties than drifters
 - Used for stability analysis
 - See Berry et al. 2018



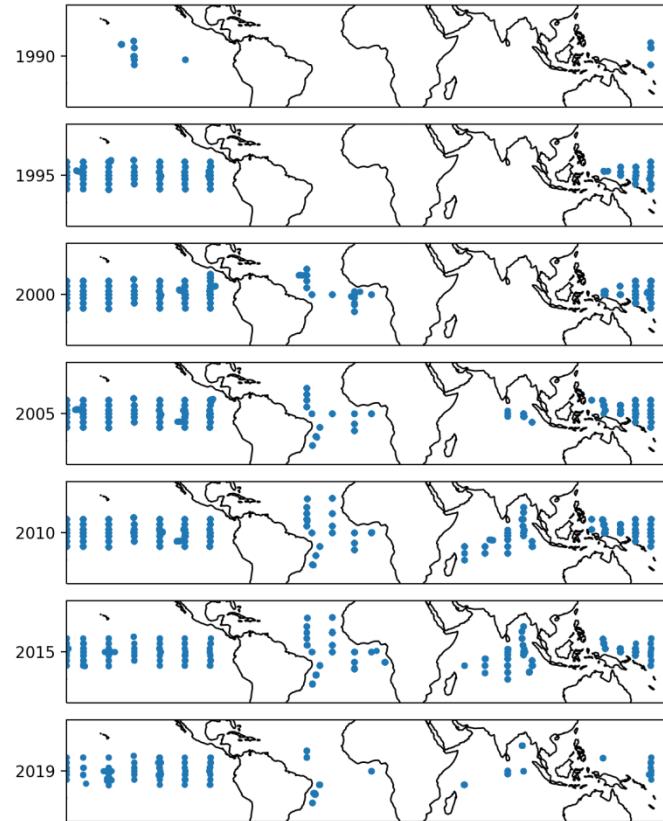


Distribution of drifter locations





Distribution of GTMBA locations





In situ to Satellite matching



- Multi-sensor Matchup System (MMS)
 - Developed by Brockmann Consult
 - Can produce Matchup Datasets (MD) from various combinations of inputs:
 - Satellite L1b, L2P
 - In situ
 - NWP
 - Examples:
 - ATSR2 – AATSR clear-sky matches (for algorithm development)
 - AVHRR_GAC – in situ all matches (for testing and validation)
- Simple matching for L3 SST products
 - L3 products use regular lat/lon grid so matching process is trivial
 - Very quick/easy – used when we only need to validate SSTs



L2/L3 validation against drifters



- Following slides show L2/L3 SST compared to in situ drifters
 - Data up to end-2016 are SST-CCI vs. ICOADS drifters
 - Data from 2017 onwards are C3S-SST vs. CMEMS drifters
- Comparing satellite SST 0.2m against drifter
 - Fairall-Kantha-Clayson model used for time/depth adjustments
 - Code supplied by Met Office

	Level-2				Level-3			
	Day		Night		Day		Night	
	Median	RSD	Median	RSD	Median	RSD	Median	RSD
NOAA-07	-0.15	0.56	-0.06	0.66	-0.17	0.55	-0.06	0.68
NOAA-09	-0.07	0.59	+0.02	0.61	-0.10	0.59	-0.02	0.65
NOAA-11	-0.06	0.52	+0.03	0.49	-0.09	0.51	+0.01	0.47

- NOAA-07 through NOAA-11 are referenced to in situ
 - Ships + subset of drifters used as reference
 - Drifters used for reference are excluded from validation
- ATSR1 is adjusted to drifters (night-only) for 7 months from end-1991
 - These drifters have not been excluded from validation

METOP-A	Median	RSD	Median	RSD	Median	RSD	Median	RSD
ATSR-1	+0.03	0.33	+0.01	0.25	+0.02	0.46	-0.00	0.28
ATSR-2	-0.01	0.26	+0.01	0.20	-0.00	0.27	+0.02	0.21
AATSR	+0.01	0.19	+0.01	0.16	+0.01	0.20	+0.01	0.18
SLSTR-A					+0.02	0.25	+0.00	0.21
SLSTR-B					-0.01	0.25	+0.00	0.19

	Level-2				Level-3			
	Day		Night		Day		Night	
	Median	RSD	Median	RSD	Median	RSD	Median	RSD

- NOAA-12 onwards are referenced to ATSR
- ATSR2 + AATSR are fully independent (no tuning to in situ)

NOAA-12	-0.01	0.51	+0.02	0.44	-0.03	0.50	-0.00	0.45
NOAA-14	-0.03	0.45	-0.00	0.37	-0.05	0.45	+0.01	0.35
NOAA-15	-0.01	0.39	-0.01	0.38	-0.04	0.38	-0.02	0.37
NOAA-16	+0.02	0.36	-0.01	0.33	-0.01	0.37	-0.02	0.32
NOAA-17	+0.01	0.34	+0.02	0.28	-0.02	0.34	+0.00	0.27
NOAA-18	-0.07	0.34	-0.15	0.28	-0.11	0.34	-0.17	0.27
NOAA-19	+0.03	0.34	+0.02	0.29	-0.00	0.33	-0.00	0.27
MetOp-A	+0.01	0.33	+0.04	0.27	-0.02	0.33	+0.02	0.26
ATSR-1	+0.03	0.33	+0.01	0.25	+0.02	0.46	-0.00	0.28
ATSR-2	-0.01	0.26	+0.01	0.20	-0.00	0.27	+0.02	0.21
AATSR	+0.01	0.19	+0.01	0.16	+0.01	0.20	+0.01	0.18
SLSTR-A					+0.02	0.25	+0.00	0.21
SLSTR-B					-0.01	0.25	+0.00	0.19

	Level-2				Level-3			
	Day		Night		Day		Night	
	Median	RSD	Median	RSD	Median	RSD	Median	RSD
NOAA-07	-0.15	0.56	-0.06	0.66	-0.17	0.55	-0.06	0.68
NOAA-09	-0.07	0.59	+0.02	0.61	-0.10	0.59	-0.02	0.65
NOAA-11	-0.06	0.52	+0.03	0.49	-0.09	0.51	+0.01	0.47
NOAA-12	-0.01	0.51	+0.02	0.44	-0.03	0.50	-0.00	0.45
NOAA-14	-0.03	0.45	-0.00	0.37	-0.05	0.45	+0.01	0.35
NOAA-15	-0.01	0.39	-0.01	0.38	-0.04	0.38	-0.02	0.37
NOAA-16	+0.02	0.36	-0.01	0.33	-0.01	0.37	-0.02	0.32
NOAA-17	+0.01	0.34	+0.02	0.28	-0.02	0.34	+0.00	0.27
NOAA-18	-0.07	0.34	-0.15	0.28	-0.11	0.34	-0.17	0.27
NOAA-19	+0.03	0.34	+0.02	0.29	-0.00	0.33	-0.00	0.27
MetOp-A	+0.01	0.33	+0.04	0.27	-0.02	0.33	+0.02	0.26
ATSR-1	+0.03	0.33	+0.01	0.25	+0.02	0.46	-0.00	0.28
ATSR-2	-0.01	0.26	+0.01	0.20	-0.00	0.27	+0.02	0.21
AATSR	+0.01	0.19	+0.01	0.16	+0.01	0.20	+0.01	0.18
SLSTR-A					+0.02	0.25	+0.00	0.21
SLSTR-B					-0.01	0.25	+0.00	0.19



L2/L3 validation against GTMBA



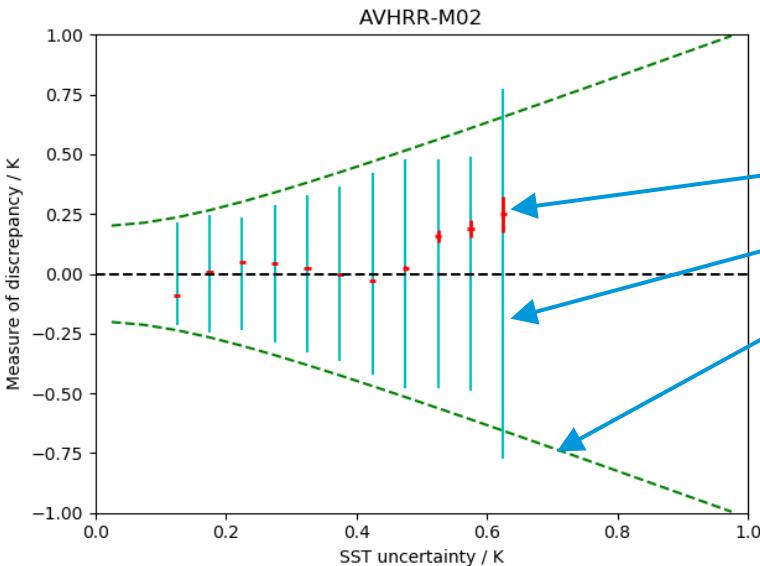
	Level-2				Level-3			
	Day		Night		Day		Night	
	Median	RSD	Median	RSD	Median	RSD	Median	RSD
NOAA-11	-0.16	0.48	-0.06	0.40	-0.26	0.47	-0.09	0.39
NOAA-12	+0.10	0.48	-0.08	0.40	+0.05	0.48	-0.11	0.40
NOAA-14	-0.02	0.43	-0.04	0.32	-0.06	0.43	-0.07	0.31
NOAA-15	+0.01	0.42	-0.05	0.38	-0.05	0.41	-0.08	0.37
NOAA-16	+0.04	0.40	-0.00	0.31	-0.02	0.39	-0.03	0.30
NOAA-17	+0.00	0.38	+0.00	0.24	-0.05	0.37	-0.02	0.24
NOAA-18	-0.11	0.37	-0.16	0.27	-0.16	0.37	-0.18	0.25
NOAA-19	+0.04	0.38	-0.02	0.28	-0.01	0.37	-0.05	0.26
MetOp-A	+0.04	0.36	+0.00	0.25	-0.01	0.35	-0.02	0.25
ATSR-1	+0.04	0.29	+0.02	0.11	+0.03	0.45	-0.00	0.14
ATSR-2	-0.01	0.20	-0.01	0.10	-0.01	0.22	-0.01	0.11
AATSR	+0.00	0.18	+0.01	0.11	-0.00	0.19	-0.00	0.13
SLSTRA					-0.03	0.25	+0.00	0.16



Uncertainty Validation



- SST-CCI provides estimate of uncertainty
 - This is an output of the retrieval and is independent of *in situ* data
 - Therefore we can use the *in situ* data to validate the uncertainty
- Compare the estimated uncertainty against satellite – *in situ* discrepancy

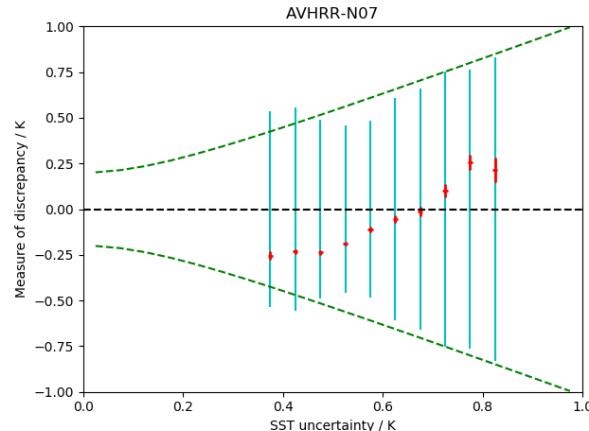
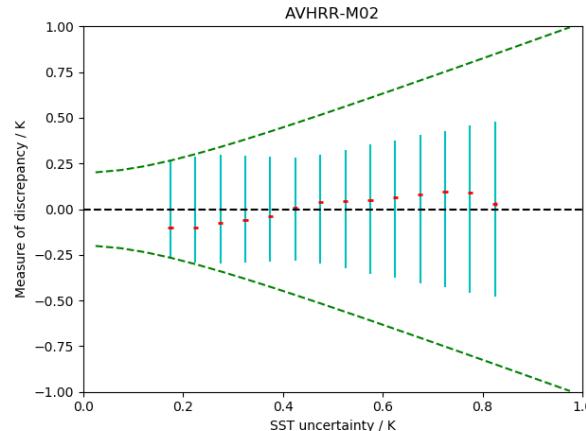
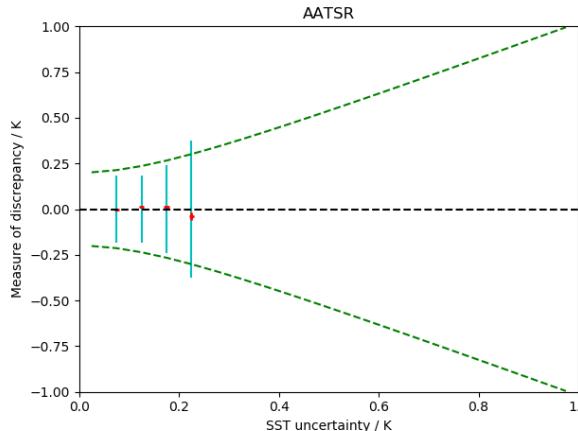


- X-axis: estimated uncertainty
 - Y-axis: satellite – *in situ* discrepancy
- RED:** Median discrepancy in bin
- CYAN:** RSD discrepancy in bin
- GREEN:** Expected RSD given *in situ* uncertainty

If the vertical lines match the dashed curve the uncertainty estimates are good!



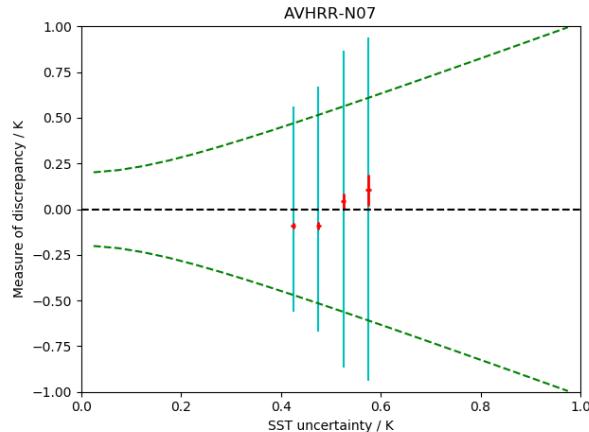
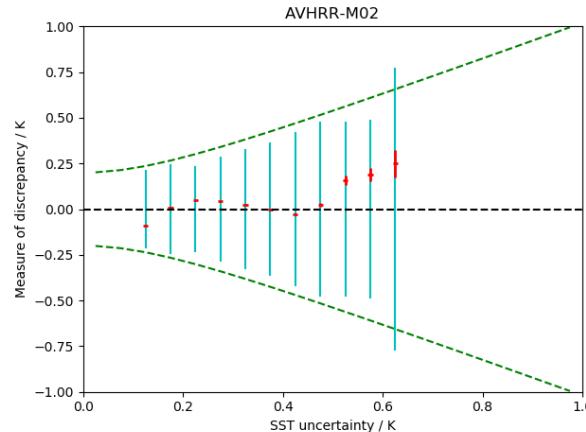
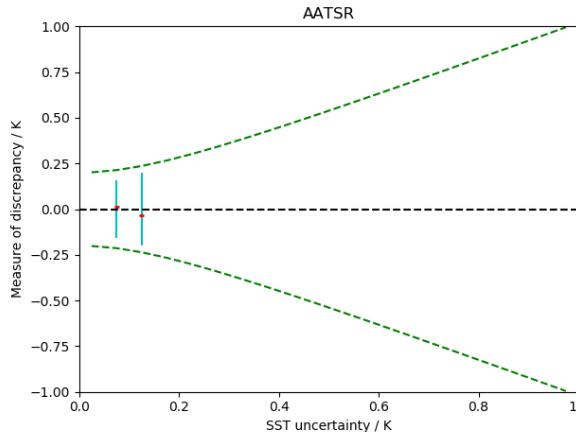
L2P Uncertainty (daytime)



- ATSR uncertainty is good
- MetOp uncertainty is overestimated (also applies to NOAA-12 onwards)
- NOAA-07 uncertainty is good



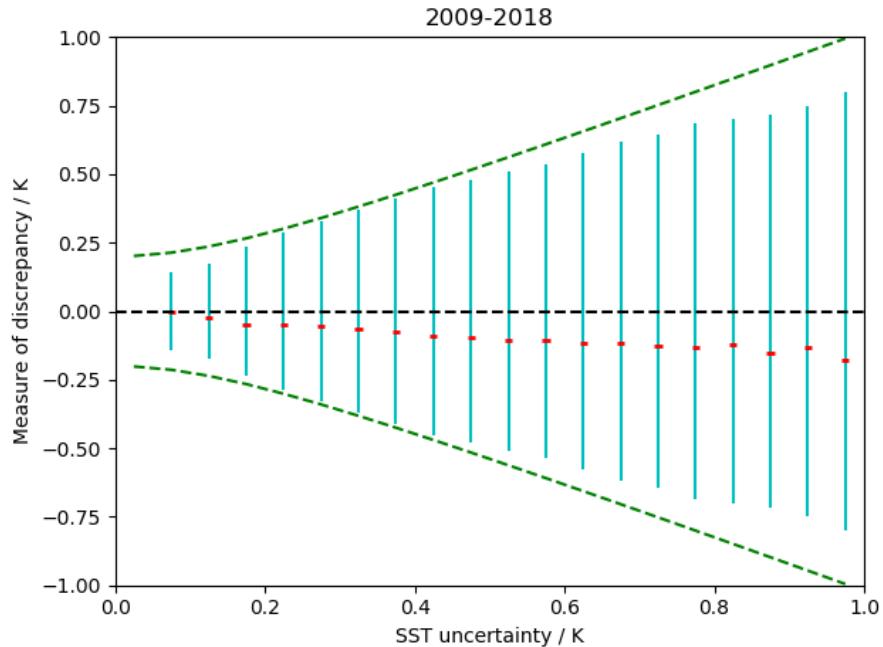
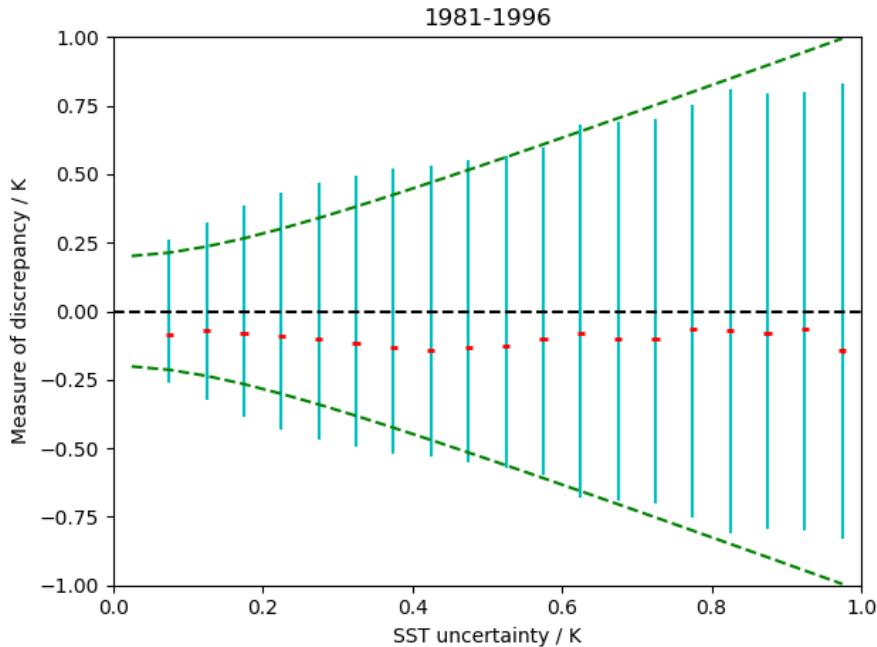
L2P Uncertainty (nighttime)



- ATSR uncertainty is good
- MetOp uncertainty is good (also applies to NOAA-12 onwards)
- NOAA-07 uncertainty is underestimated



L4 Uncertainty



- Some under-estimation at low end for early data
- Some over-estimation at high end for more recent data



Stability Assessment

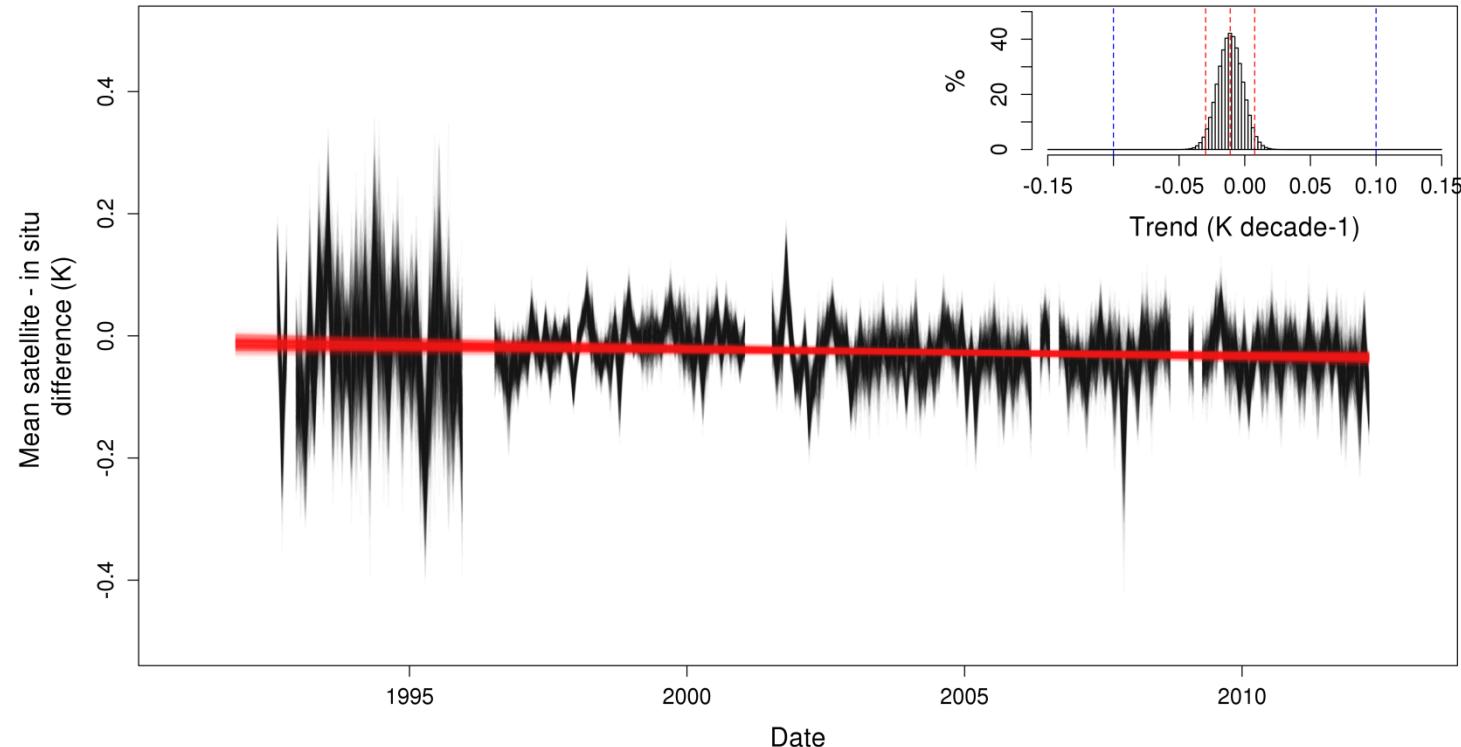


Data	Trend [mK/year]
ATSR (day)	-2.1 < trend < 2.3
ATSR (night)	-2.6 < trend < 0.4
AVHRR (day)	3.6 < trend < 15.5
AVHRR (night)	-2.1 < trend < 9.8
Analysis	-1.51 < trend < -0.05

- See Berry et al. (2018) doi:10.3390/rs10010126
- Stability assessed against long term stable moorings
 - Tropical Pacific (1990 – 2012)
- Trend range is the 95% confidence interval for the relative multi-year trend between satellite SSTs and the Global Tropical Moored Buoy Array
- Aim is trend less than $0.1 \text{ K decade}^{-1}$ (or 10 mK year^{-1})

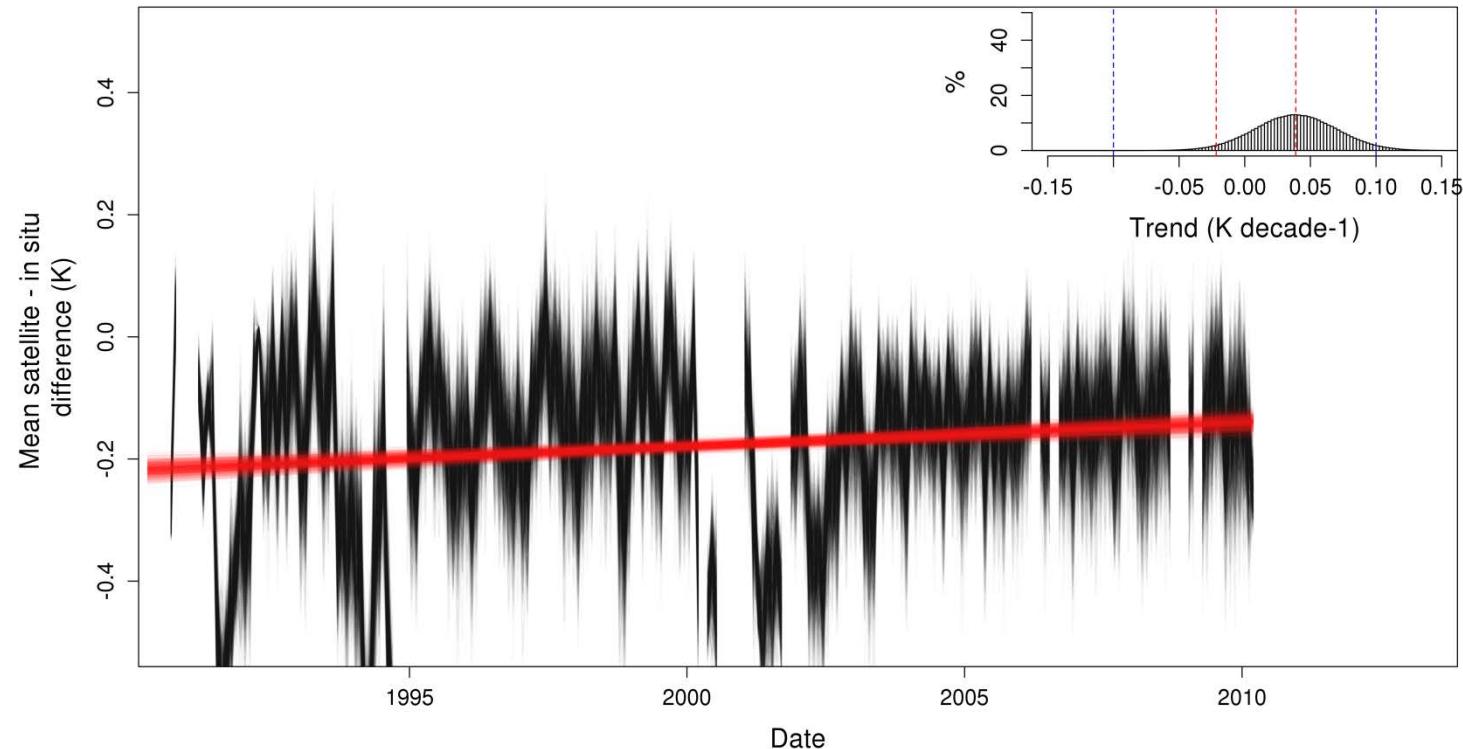


Stability Assessment – ATSR (night)





Stability Assessment – AVHRR (night)





Summary



- SST-CCI CDR v2 is now available
 - <http://cci.esa.int/data> (Access via FTP, other methods soon)
 - Merchant et al. (2019). Satellite-based time-series of sea-surface temperature since 1981 for climate applications, *Scientific Data*, in prep
- 35-year CDR with ongoing extension via C3S ICDR
 - Data from 1991 onwards referenced to ATSR (independent of *in situ*)
 - 1980s data is referenced to *in situ* SST
- ATSR2 / AATSR (fully independent) global bias $\lesssim 0.01$ K
- AVHRR 7,9,11 tuned to *in situ*; AVHRR 12 onwards tuned to ATSR
 - Global bias $\lesssim 0.1$ K except for AVHRR 7 and 18